Chapter 22

Chapter 22 Instrumental Music: Sonata, Symphony, and Concerto at Midcentury			proficient? TQ: Go one step further: If that's true, how many females were accomplished concert pianists?
1.	[499] Review: What are the elements from opera that will give instrumental music its prominence?	13.	What's the instrumentation of a string quartet? What are the roles of each instrument?
2.	Second paragraph: What are the four new (emboldened) items?	14.	What is a concertante quartet?
3.	(500) Summarize music making of the time.	15.	(502) When was the clarinet invented? What are the four Standard woodwind instruments around 1780?
4.	What is the piano's long name? What does it mean? Who invented it? When?	16.	TQ: What time is Louis XIV?
		17.	Wind ensembles were found at or in the but groups did not exist.
5.	Review: Be able to name the different keyboard instruments described here and know how the sound was produced.	18.	If an amateur did play a wind instrument it tended to be the Why not other instruments? Why didn't women play the other instruments?
	Why was the piano superior? What year did the piano gain acceptance?	19.	How many instruments in Haydn's orchestra? How many of those were strings? What part did the double bass play? How many in Vienna in the 1790s? Why did figured bass disappear in this environment? Who then
, .	What year did the plane gain acceptance.		became the lead?
8.	What were the two types?	20.	(503) What was the orchestration technique?
9.	What is the significance of fortepiano?		
10.	Figure 22.1. Who is the maker? Why does it have a soft sound? What is its range? (<i>sic</i>) How many keys? TQ: Hmm.	21.	What forms fell out of fashion? Which ones continued?
		22.	What was the main form for keyboard?
11.	What is piano's role and how do you tell them apart?	23.	When written for solo instrument plus piano accompaniment, it was called what? When for more, what?
		24.	How many movements for a concerto and symphony? What are the tempi?

12. (501) The piano was for ______; the violin or cello was for ______. Who was the more

25.	What movement is added? For what medium? Where is it placed?	39.	What are the other forms? Have you ever heard of a minuet form being described as ABA? By what name do you know it? What are the contrasting sections of a rondo form called? Have you ever seen an ABACADA form? What is the usual pattern?
26.	What were the variations that constituted these works?		Total () had to all assau patients
		40.	What structures were used for keyboard works?
27.	How many movements became the standard at the end of the century?	41.	Who is the keyboard composer cited? Related to whom? Worked where?
28.	What is the percentage of major-mode compositions?	42.	(516) What is the term for his first keyboard sonatas? How many sonatas are there? What do you mean
29.	(504) Forms at a Glance. Be able to diagram the three binary forms.		scribal? Who is the cataloguer?
30.	What is another name for a sonata form? TQ: Do you know another?		
21	(504) II	43.	The sonatas are single movements. Was that his intention?
31.	(504) Harmonically an instrument piece in a major key moves from to and finally to For a minor key it's to to		
32.	(505) The three sections of a sonata form are, and, and it is considered a form.	44.	What kind of form did Scarlatti use for his sonatas? Could "galant" be used to describe his melodies? Why not?
33.	(506) Who is the author who describes the sonata form? Be able to sketch the form.	45.	Who are the other sonata composers?
	The sonata form is not a form but a model or principle. (514) Theorists in the 1830s saw the sonata form in sections.	46.	(510) TQ: What question would I ask about 22.1d? What does <i>A la mi re</i> mean in 22.1e?
36.	What parts are added?		
37.	Koch's binary plan is best used for works before because of the scheme; the ABA' works better on compositions after because of the scheme.	47.	(511) Who is the next keyboard composer? Where did he work? What was his book?
38.	(515) What term would you use for the slow-movement sonata form?	48.	What was his favorite keyboard instrument?
		49.	Summarize his keyboard pieces.

59. Why is Stamitz important?

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72. TQ: What should you gain from this chapter?